Assertiveness

nother communication skill that relates to stress man- agement is being assertive. It is healthy to express your needs in a way that does not harm another person nor minimize what you want to say. It is this direct, honest, and appropriate expression of your feelings that is termed assertiveness.

A clear indicator of whether a behavior is assertive, passive, or aggressive is the reaction of people to it. The following chart describes the characteristics of these three behaviors. After reading it, you can analyze your behaviors by responding to questions 1, 2, and 3 on the next page.

Characteristics of Passive, Aggressive, and Assertive Behavior				
Passive	Aggressive	Assertive		
• Indirect communication	Direct communication	Direct communication		
• Self-denying, and self-sacrificing	• Inconsiderate of other people	• Expresses emotions needs		
• Failure to stand up for own goals and rights	• Condescending or insulting	• Requesting without fault or insult		
• Allows others to choose for them	Rejects others	Open expression of feelings		
Emotionally dishonest	• Cuts off communication	High achiever		
Lack of goal achievement				
Limited responsibility				

Behavioral Analysis Questions

Choose a behavior to analyze, then check off one or more responses to each question.

	Passive	Aggressive	Assertive
1. How do I feel when I engage in this behavior?	HurtAnxiousViolatedAngry laterStressed	SuperiorPowerfulIn controlGuilty laterStressed	Confident Respecting of self and others Productive Relaxed
2. How does the other person feel about himself/ herself when I engage in this behavior?	Guilty Superior	Hurt Humiliated Violated	Valued Respected Appreciated
3. How does the other person feel toward me when I engage in this behavior?	Pity Irritation Frustration	Angry Vengeful Threatened	Respectful Appreciative Unthreatened